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All the name referred in this manual only for identification, if belongs to other company’s registered trademark or copyright, proprietary rights of the name belongs to their respective holder.
Disclaimer and Responsibility Statement

Whole using the machine from our company, users are required to ensure integrity and independence of the product including but not limited to: mechanical, electrical, optical, control software and accessories. Unauthorized modification is strictly prohibited. It is a must to satisfy operating environment and operating specifications specified in the owner’s manual. For the followings:

◆ Machine modified with no authorization (including but not limited to: add, remove, modify, unauthorized disassembly, replacing parts);
◆ Use the machine in the environment failing to satisfy the operating requirements;
◆ Operate disobeying the specifications of our company;
◆ Unauthorized use the machine parts, accessories and auxiliaries on to other machine or in other places;
◆ Viciously disassemble, destroy, decode hardware and software of the machine from our company.

Our company shall not undertake any direct, indirect or joint responsibility. Our company reserves the rights to ascertain legal responsibility for the serious consequences or economic losses or reputation losses caused by what mentioned above.
Foreword

Thanks for purchasing the laser engraving machine control system of our company.

Before operating, please read this manual carefully to ensure proper operation.

Please keep the manual properly for reference.

Since the configuration is different, certain models do not have the functions listed in this manual. Please refer to the specific functions for details.

Due to the constantly tech-update, the specification for reference only, subject to the real standard.

Tags in this book:

- **Alarm**
  Special Attention: User must follow and perform as the manual. Otherwise, it could lead to errors or relatively serious problem.

- **Note**
  Note: User should comply with the attention and suggestion in this manual. It could bring much easier operation.
## Safety Precautions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Notice</th>
<th>Before using the machine, users are required to carefully read this manual and other operating requirements, strictly abide by the operating specifications. Professional are required for operating the machine.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Notice</td>
<td>The machine uses class 4 laser (strong laser radiation). The laser radiation may possibly cause the following accidents: ① emblaze the surrounded flammable materials; ② generate other radiations and toxic or hazardous gas by processed objects during laser processing; ③ direct irradiation of laser radiation cause harm to human body. Therefore, firefighting devices are required in the operating place of the machine. Stacking flammable or explosive objects near the machine is strictly prohibited. Good ventilation is a must. Only the qualified personnel are authorized to approach the machine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notice</td>
<td>The processed objects and discharged materials are required to satisfy requirements as per local laws and regulations.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Notice | Laser processing is with potential risks. Users should carefully make sure if the processed objects are suitable for laser processing.  
There is high voltage and potential risk in the laser machine. Unauthorized disassembly by unqualified personnel is prohibited.  
Reliable earthing is required for the machine and related other machine before power-on.  
During operating, removing any cover of the machine is strictly prohibited.  
During operating, the operators are required to observe working status of the machine all the time. In case of any abnormality, it is immediately to disconnect power supply and take active and corresponding measures.  
After power-on, special personnel are required for monitoring. Unauthorized leaving is strictly prohibited.  
It is a must to disconnect the power supply before leaving. |
| Notice | It is strictly prohibited to placing any unrelated all-reflective or diffusion reflective objects in the machine to prevent laser reflecting to human body or flammable materials. |
| Notice | The environment for the machine should be dry, free of interference and influences from pollution, vibration, high voltage and strong magnet. The operating ambient temperature ranges 10-35℃, and the humidity ranges 5-85% (no dew);  
The machine should be far from electric appliances sensitive to electromagnetic interference;  
Operating voltage: AC220V, 50Hz/60Hz. Power-on is strictly prohibited in case of unstable voltage of the power grid or unspecified voltage. |
| Notice | Chapter two of this manual is for Safety Rules. Please refer to the chapter more details concerning safe operation of the machine. Users are required to carefully read and abide by all the requirements of safety. |
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Chapter 1. Equipment Overview

Equipped with sophisticated fiber laser generator, MF20-P-A laser marking machine, composed of marking system, work platform and chassis, is a broad-applied laser marking device with good quality of portability. Han’s Yueming self-designed YMmarker control software is adopted in this model to achieve multiple-dimension-marking within limited range.

Description of equipment model:

- **Equipment series:**
  - MF: Fiber laser marking machine
  -...

- **Laser power:**
  - 20: 20W
  - 10: 10W
  -...

- **Auxiliary model description:**
  - P:
    - Function Code: Portable

- **Series code description:**
  - A:
    - Series Code: Series A
1.1 Equipment Composition

Due to different machine models and product update, some models may have different appearances and details. The actual product shall prevail.

1.1.1 Overall Components

- The front view of the machine is as shown in Fig. 1-1:

![Figure 1-1: Front View](image)


Fig. 1–1 Front View

- The operation panel is as shown in Fig. 1-2:
Fig. 1-2  Control Buttons

① Emergency Button  ② Power supply button  ③ Gross Power Lock

- The rear view of the machine is as shown in Fig.1-3:

Fig. 1-3  Rear View, Position of Line Guide Holes
1.1.2 Optical system composition

The optical structure is shown in Figure 1-4:

![Optical Mechanism of the Machine](image)

Fig.1-4 Optical Mechanism of the Machine

1.2 Equipment Parameters

The equipment parameters are different due to the model and configuration. The actual product nameplate and attached factory parameters shall prevail. The nameplate is usually on the back or the left side of the machine. Below is the nameplate of MF20-P-A:
The machine parameters on the nameplate are as follows:

- **Model:** MF20-P-A
- **Laser Type:** Fiber laser marking machine
- **Laser Power:** 20W
- **Work Area:** 110 mm × 110 mm
- **Power Supply:** 220V ± 10% 50/60Hz
- **Total Power:** 0.8KW
- **Serial No.:**
- **Date:**
- **Manufacturer:** GD Han’s Yueming Laser Group co., LTD.
- **Tel:** 0769-89838888 0769-89839999
### 1.3 Product Configuration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>序号NO.</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>配置</th>
<th>规格</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>制造商</th>
<th>匹配项</th>
<th>备注</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>fiber laser</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>OEM-M-Q-20</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Han’s Yueming OEM</td>
<td></td>
<td>20W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>○</td>
<td>OEM-M-Q-10L</td>
<td></td>
<td>Han’s Yueming OEM</td>
<td></td>
<td>10W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>○</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Han’s Yueming OEM</td>
<td></td>
<td>30W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>○</td>
<td>YLP-1-100-20-20</td>
<td></td>
<td>IPG</td>
<td>20W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>○</td>
<td>YLP-1-120/50/50-HC</td>
<td></td>
<td>IPG</td>
<td>20W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Galvano meter</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>Ultrascan 10</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Han’s Yueming OEM</td>
<td>Digital,10mm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td>○</td>
<td>MS-10[Y]D1/SZ</td>
<td></td>
<td>Import</td>
<td>Ray laser</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>focus lens</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>SL-1064-112-163G</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Working scope:110mm×110mm，f=163mm；Maximum thickness:0-90mm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
<td>○</td>
<td>SL-1064-70-100</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Import</td>
<td>Working scope:70mm×70mm，f=100mm；Maximum thickness:0-150mm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td>○</td>
<td>TKFY-220-10LNS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Working scope:153mm×153mm，f=254mm；Maximum thickness:0-20mm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>up-and-down working table</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Han’s Yueming</td>
<td>up-and-down distance:120mm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Laptop</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>Lenovo</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Lenovo</td>
<td>English Win7 Professional Edition is optional</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Control board</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>fiber marking control card</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Han’s Yueming</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>PC software</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>YMmarker</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Han’s Yueming</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Optional accessories</td>
<td>△</td>
<td>Rotary device</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Han’s Yueming</td>
<td>Maximum height between the center of rotating shaft and mirror:184mm, with 70X70mm field lens only</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

●: Standard configuration; ○: Optional configuration; △: Configuration can be added; ▲: Used in conjunction with other items; ×: No such configuration

| Table 1-1 Configuration Table |

### 1.4 Operating Environment

- **Humidity:** 5%-85%；(non-condensing)；If it is too humid, the dehumidifier should be installed.
Temperature: 10-35°C ; Too hot, install the air-conditioner.

Power supply : AC220V ; 50Hz ;

Grid power fluctuations: ±5% ; grid reference to international standard; voltage fluctuation amplitude is higher than 5% should install automatic stable equipment such as digital voltage regulator.

Equipment environment should be dry, smokeless, no dust, and no strong magnetic field interference.

1.5 Applicable Industries & Materials

This equipment is widely used in food and beverage, pharmaceutical, tobacco, leather, packaging, building materials, lighting, jewelry, cosmetics, mobile phone shell, kitchen and bath hardware, clock and watch shells, medical equipment, tools and accessories, electronic components, auto parts, lighting and other industries; Low energy consumption, non-toxic, non-pollution.

Applicable Materials: plastic, pig iron, stainless steel, aluminium magnesium alloy, zinc alloy, copper, nickel plating, galvanization, aluminium oxide, etc.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Jewelry</th>
<th>Charger</th>
<th>Lamp base</th>
<th>Electron device</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Jewelry" /></td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Charger" /></td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Lamp base" /></td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Electron device" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Precision bearing</th>
<th>Switch</th>
<th>Belt buckle</th>
<th>Sanitary ware</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image5" alt="Precision bearing" /></td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Switch" /></td>
<td><img src="image7" alt="Belt buckle" /></td>
<td><img src="image8" alt="Sanitary ware" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Medical facility</th>
<th>Glasses</th>
<th>Pharmaceutical</th>
<th>Clock</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image9" alt="Medical facility" /></td>
<td><img src="image10" alt="Glasses" /></td>
<td><img src="image11" alt="Pharmaceutical" /></td>
<td><img src="image12" alt="Clock" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 2. Safety Rules

This chapter mainly introduces safety warnings for protecting personnel and the machine, and makes an introduction to signs used in the owner’s manual. The machine is already equipped with sufficient safety guarantee, yet it is still with certain risk. All the operators are required to carefully read through and well understand the safety rules.

2.1 Warning and signs

![Alarm]

May possibly cause serious harm to human body or danger to life and property

![Note]

What the operator and maintenance personnel should pay attention to

2.2 Product safety

The following conditions are required to be satisfied to ensure safe work:

- Abide by operation manual and instruction signs;
- Operators and maintenance personnel have received training held by machine manufacture;
- In case of operation by couples of person at the same time, division of responsibility should be made and followed;
- No admission to the working area for the unauthorized personnel;
- Avoid any working method breaking the safety rules;
- Timely eliminate all the failures possibly causing lower safety coefficient;
- Abide by maintenance regulations of the machine.

2.3 Safe equipment

Safety equipments are used for protecting personnel, and unauthorized disassembly, bridge-group or by-pass connection are strictly prohibited; in case of failure with the safety machine, professional are required for repair. If part replacement is needed, the product with same model, specification and from the same manufacture is required; otherwise, written consent from the manufacturer is required.
2.4 Safety awareness

The machine can be operated only by skilled personnel or under supervision of them. Improper use or operation may possibly be very dangerous and cause damage to the machine. Therefore, the followings are strictly prohibited:

- Placing heavy objects or stepping on the working table of the machine;
- Used for processing the materials unapproved by manufacturer;
- Staying of unauthorized personnel in the dangerous area (It is the responsibility of operators to ensure keeping unauthorized personnel away from the working area.);
- Block of using emergency stop button (Regular check is required to ensure a good condition for the emergency stop button).

2.5 Requirements for personnel

After trail operation, maintenance personnel from the manufacturer may perform training on the operators.

It is the responsibility of machine owner to have operators trained at corresponding level.

We have prepared ready a series of training course for your option. Please make phone call to our Customer Training Center for details.

2.5.1 Definition of terms

All the personnel using or operating the machine are called User in the manual;

Different requirements are for different users. Users are classified into the followings:

- **Owner**
  
  Owner means the authorized person or representative to sign contract with the manufacturer. With authorization, the owner has rights to sign the agreement with binding force of law;

- **Operator**
  
  Operator means the personnel trained for operating the machine. Training of the operator includes participation of training held by the manufacturer.

- **Maintenance personnel**
  
  Maintenance personnel mean the technicians having received formal training for machine and electric engineering. The maintenance personnel are responsible for daily maintenance of the machine, and repair at low level if needed. Training on the maintenance personnel contains participation training held by manufacturer.
2.5.2 Qualifications

The operator is required to accept guidance and training of the owner, and the operator is responsible for the safety of a third party in the working area; the personnel required for further training and guidance are required work or operate the machine under supervision of the operators.

2.5.3 Responsibility

It is a must to clarify the related responsibilities of each performance (operation, maintenance, parameter setting), and carry it out. Unclarified responsibilities will cause hidden safety risks.

Owner is required to provide operation manual for the operators and maintenance personnel, and ensure that they have read and understood the operation manual.

2.5.4 Personal protective devices

When technology or measures fail to absolutely avoid risk of health, the owner is required to provide personal protective devices for operator and maintenance personnel. For example,

- Protective gloves;
- Laser-proof goggle;
- Light respirator

Note: Personal protective devices shall not be provided together with the laser marking machine.

2.6 Special product risks

2.6.1 Laser radiation risk

Based on level of potential risk of laser radiation, the national standard GB 7247.1-2001 makes classification for them. Laser class applicable for this laser marking machine depends on operation mode. The followings are abstract of laser device classification prescribed by the state:

Class 1: safe laser device under reasonable and foreseeable working conditions

Class 2: laser device is emitting visible light at wave length of 400nm-700nm. Generally, avoidance response including blink reflection provides protection.

Class 3A: safe laser light visible to naked eyes. Generally, avoidance response including blink reflection provides protection. Harm to naked eyes of other wave lengths will be less Class 1 laser device. Class 3A light beam internal observation with optical device (e.g. glasses, telescope, and microscope) may be dangerous.
Class 3B: dangerous laser device is to directly and internally see light beam. Generally, observation of diffuse reflection is safe.

Class 4: laser device with diffuse reflection causes danger. They may possibly cause skin burn, or fire accident. Great care is required to use this kind of laser device.

2.6.2 Common mode

In the normal operating mode, the laser marking cutting machine equals to Class 4 laser radiation. In this operating mode, there will harm of laser radiation to eyes and skin; you are required to wear goggles with antiglare filter.

| Note |
| Common working mode must ensure: |
| Correct operation of the laser marking machine |
| Materials should be verified to be suitable to be processed by fiber laser. |

2.6.2.1 Direct laser

You are required to pay attention to the followings while operating the laser machine:

- It is strictly prohibited to directly expose any parts of human body, explosive object and flammable objects to direct laser;
- Modification of fasteners on the optical parts is strictly prohibited;
- Unauthorized change of light route is strictly prohibited;
- Abide by all instructions prescribed in the operation manual

2.6.2.2 Reflection and diffuse radiation

Avoid exposing eyes and skin to mirror reflection and diffuse radiation. In the maintenance mode, the maintenance personnel are required to wear laser-proof glasses, and the laser-proof glasses should satisfy the requirements as per EU standard EN207A1:2002.

![Safety Goggles](image)

Fig.2-1 Safety Goggles
2.6.3 High voltage risk

The external power supply is at 20000V.

- **High voltage 20000V!**
- The voltage over 50V and the current over 20mA are with the risk of danger and may cause death.
- Only the maintenance personnel from the manufacturer are permitted to perform operation on the inner parts.

2.6.4 Risk of electric shock

- While operating electric machine or device, mis-operation or neglect during operation may possibly cause serious hurt or human body or even death;
- Technicians with related qualifications are required for operating the electric machine or device or perform operation under their supervision.

The followings are required for operating of installing the electric machine:

- It is a must to use the specified fuse provided by the manufacture;
- Immediate pressing the emergency stop button is required in case of power failure;
- Unless otherwise prescribed, power disconnection of the electric part is required for maintenance;
- First check if there is live power on the insulated part, and then perform the treatment of earthing and open circuit, and perform insulation for the nearby live (charge) parts;
- Make regular check on the electric machine. Timely correct failure like poor contact or burnt power cord;
While operating live (charge) parts, minimum two persons are required at the site for pressing the emergency stop button or disconnecting power supply if necessary; Mark the working area with red-and-white band and warning sign;

- It is a must to use insulation tools.

2.6.5 Risk of process by product

During laser processing, outgrowth may possibly generate, and their hazard must satisfy the requirements specified in Appendix A for example of processing outgrowth as national standard GB 18490-2001 laser processing machine. The abstract is as below:

A1.1 china processing
The oxide of Al2O3, Mg, Ca and Si; BeO (virulent).

A1.2 silicon slice processing
Crumb of silicon and silicon monoxide suspended in the air (possibly breathed into lungs causing silicosis);

A1.3 metal processing
In a view of medicine, the following metals and their compounds are influential: Mn, Cr, Ni, Co, Al, Zn, Cu, Be, Pb, Sb

Medical influences are as below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxic</th>
<th>Cr6-, Mn, Co</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Allergic reaction, burn caused by metal smoke</td>
<td>Zn, Cu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lung fibrosisBe</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>carcinogenic</td>
<td>Cr6+, NiO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Metal beryllium is very dangerous, especially cutting alloy or metal containing Zn in atmosphere will generate heavy metal smoke.

A1.4 plastic cutting

Various kinds of substances with potential risks may be generated when cutting the plastic. At lower temperature, aliphatic hydrocarbon will be produced; at higher temperature, aromatic hydrocarbon (e.g. benzene PAH) and polyhalo-polynuclear hydrocarbon (e.g. dioxin, furan) will be increased. Some of these substances may possibly generate cyanide, isocyanate (PU), acrylate (PMMA) and hydrogen chloride (PVC).

Medical influences include:

- Toxic: Cyanide, CO, derivative of benzene
- Allergy source/irritation: isocyanate, acrylate
Respiratory stimulating: formaldehyde, acrolein, amine;
Carcinogenesis: benzene, some PAH substances

A1.6 Surface modification

Generally, there is no noticeable outgrowth, but sometimes heavy metal steam is generated.

A1.8 paper and wood cutting

General fibrin outgrowth, ester, acid ethanol, benzene —

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alarm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>◆ During laser cutting, the smoke generated may be very toxic. The smoke is removed by upper exhaust blower system;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>◆ Cutting with abnormal blower system is prohibited.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>◆ Make frequent check on the ventilation system;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>◆ Clean and maintenance the blowing system regularly;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>◆ Foreign matter coming into duct of the blowing system is strictly prohibited;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>◆ Ensure a good ventilation and the exhaust gas expel from the working room;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>◆ Ensure a necessary disposal of the exhaust gas to satisfy emission requirements prescribed by the state and local government</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.6.6 Risk of optical system

2.6.6.1 Routine operation

The optical system of the laser marking machine doesn’t need to be maintained with great attention, however, due to the great amount of dust generated by marking, the field lens should be cleaned frequently.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>◆ During cleaning, please wear on goggle and gloves. The damaged parts must be sealed in a container and properly packaged, and then returned to the manufacturer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>◆ Good ventilation is required in case of any damage of the parts.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.6.6.2 Warning for fire accident

Damaged machine or improper operation of the machine will cause risk of fire accident. Fire extinguisher must be equipped according to fire control regulations prescribed by the state.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alarm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Atomizer or flammable or explosive substances are strictly prohibited to approach the machine, make regular check on the fire extinguishers to ensure a good condition.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.6.7 Other risks

To ensure safety, modification or changing use of the machine with no consent from the manufacturer is strictly prohibited; any change of operating software or function to the machine is strictly prohibited, or it is strictly prohibited to perform integration of the machine with other system.

2.6.8 Measures for emergency

2.6.8.1 Measures for personal injury

In case of personal injury, the followings should be performed:

- Stop hurting (e.g. stop the machine, disconnect the power supply);
- It is a must to take first aid measures;
- Notify professional medical personnel;
- Notify the competent management department;
- Abide by the related regulations prescribed by the state and the company.

2.6.8.2 Measures for fire accident

In case of fire accident, the following measures should be taken:

- Emergency stop of the machine, disconnection of power supply;
- Control of fire with the fire extinguisher, evacuation of personnel;
- Notify the competent management department;
- Abide by the related regulations prescribed by the state and the company.
Chapter 3. Equipment Installation and Commissioning

3.1 Equipment Installation

3.1.1 Unpacking Steps

Before installation, disassemble the wooden for the machine in the following steps:

1. Prize up the packing case of the machine with a crowbar. Unpack in the following orders: top cover, left and right side covers, front and rear side covers, fastening ropes or fixing plate.
Unpack the air box: find the catch in the middle of the box; hold the locking plate and rotate it by 90°; takes machine out.

3. Take the machine out of the box and lay it on a platform or other stable flats.

### 3.1.2 Unpacking

After unpacking, check the equipment and auxiliary fittings to ensure that the product wasn’t damaged during transport. Check the following items:

1. **Equipment model**
   
   Please confirm that the equipment model is the one you ordered.

2. **Appearance**
   
   Please check if the appearance has scratches, breakage, deformation or corrosion.

3. **Spare parts and accessories**
   
   Open the packing case of auxiliary machine, check the parts and accessories according to the packing list, and check if the parts are damaged or deformed.

| Alarm | Do not attempt to unpack without permission
|       | If you want to unpack, first obtain the consent of our customer service or business personnel, or else we will assume no responsibility for the unexpected events. |
3.1.2.1 Preparation

The preparations required before installation are as follows:

1. Site
   - Please set a separate platform (more than 800×400×650mm) to ensure the machine (700×210×525mm) can operate normally.
   - Please check if the site conditions and working environment for the laser equipment comply with the requirements in Section 1.4 and the requirements of our company.

2. Personnel
   The equipment must be installed by our professional service personnel. If the customer wants to install the machine, the installer must have received the full installation training and have mastered the key points of laser equipment installation.

3. Tools
   The installation tools have been provided. In addition, the user should prepare some installation and testing tools if necessary, such as screwdrivers, multimeter, etc.

4. Others
   The user needs to prepare the water, electricity, smoke exhaust channels, proofing materials, computer and power outlets associated with the equipment.

- If any problem occurs after unpacking, please inform our customer service or business personnel, or call the company directly.
- Do not attempt to handle without permission.

The customer shall accompany in the whole course when the customer service personnel install the equipment. The installation and commissioning are part of the training, and the user shall master.
3.1.3 Adjust the level of the machine

After the machine is moved from the crate to the workplace, the level of the machine should be re-adjusted as follows due to differences in the workplace:

- First, adjust four feet to completely hold up the machine (casters off the ground);
- Then, place a spirit level in the front of the machine, and observe the shift direction of the bubbles in the spirit level. If the bubbles shift to the left, the left side of the machine is higher than the right side. Please adjust the level of the machine by reducing the height of the left foot or increasing the height of the right foot. When the bubble is centered in the spirit level, the front level of the machine has been adjusted properly;

| Alert | The machine level adjustment is necessary. The subsequent operation of the machine will be affected if the machine level is quite different. |

3.1.4 The installation of computer/display and keyboard and mouse

- Controlled by laptop, this model is very convenient to install.
  
  Take the laptop out, connect it to the USB patch cord from the main engine; connect the mouse to the laptop. The position of the laptop is flexible according to real situation.

3.1.5 The installation of focus

Take out the scan focus lens from packing box carefully, Remove protective plastic cover, Thread will be shot has a head gently screwing machine lens fixing seat and make it complete fastening to cooperate, The installation process fingers or other objects do not touch lens mirror, to ensure that the mirror is clean and without damage.

① scanner mirror ② focus lens

Fig.3-4 the installation of scanner mirror and focus lens
3.1.6 Foot switch installation

The position of FOOT Switch is shown as below:

![Foot Switch Interface](image)

Fig.3-5  Foot Switch Interface

As shown in figure3-5, insert the foot switch pedal to interface, which can be used.

3.1.7 Equipment Grounding

MF20-P-A laser equipment has strict requirements on safe grounding of user power system, which must comply with local safety standards:
Fig. 3-6  Power outlet

- L: 220V mains system phase line; must be equipped with safety electrical switch (switch must be installed in the phase line).
- N: commonly known as the neutral line, supply power to the equipment with the phase line.
- E: earth wire; the enclosures (earth terminals) of all electrical equipment are connected to this wire to ensure safety. Resistance to earth should be less than 5Ω

The user must consult professional electrical installer (electrician), and ask the electrician to check and ensure that the earth wire is securely connected!

Note
Improper grounding can cause high failure rate, and may lead to other accidents! The Company assumes no responsibility and obligation for such failures and accidents

3.2 Equipment button instruction

3.2.1 Power button of laser generate

The laser power switch button is the reset button, after press down this button, laser generator on and the white light is lit, press down this button again, laser generator off and the light is out.

Fig. 3-7  power button of laser generate
3.2.2 Key switch lock

Key switch lock for switch on machine, when the key clockwise rotation, machine switch on; when key anticlockwise turn back to the original position, machine switch off.

![Key switch lock](image)

**Fig.3-8**  key switch lock

3.2.3 Emergency stop switch

Equipped with urgent stop switch, one of the emergency stop button is installed on the switch panel of the console, the front left and right sides each have one. The emergency stop button to activate the stop function, and all equipment of the power supply will be cut off, the machine is in the safety "stop" state.

![Emergency stop switch](image)

**Fig.3-9**  Emergency stop switch

| note |  ● After press down emergency stop button, all equipment of the power will be cut off, necessary if need to power off the machine, should be shut off the main power switch and unplug the power cable.  
  ● Only in has ruled out an emergency and correct all defects or repaired the failure cases can loosen the stop to continue operating the machine  |
|---|---|
| note |  ● After emergency rule out will be pressing the stop button clockwise rotate its automatic reset, will be terminate the stop state.  
  ● Must be restart software after removed stop condition, equipment shall be resumed work. |
3.3 Equipment debugging

After installation, the equipment needs debugging and processing test. Equipment debugging mainly completes state detection of each module of the machine, including motion module, laser module and electrical I/O module.

3.3.1 Switching sequence

The switching on sequence follows:

- Master power—turn the key switch clockwise --- press down laser generator control button
- Shutdown in opposite order, successively:
  - Press down laser generator button – turn the key switch counterclockwise --- master power

Please operate in accordance with the required sequence, or else it may cause equipment malfunction.

3.3.2 Laser debugging

3.3.2.1 The introduction of cavity components

MF20-P-A laser marking machine adopts constant light path structure. Composed of fiber laser, red light punctuation, combined beams, vibration mirror and optical scanning field lens parts, such as concrete as shown in figure 3-10:

![Cavity component structure diagram](image)

① laser generator  ② red light graticule  ③ scanner mirror  ④ focus lens

Fig.3-10 Cavity component structure diagram
3.3.2.2 Cavity component parts introduction and regulation

3.3.2.2.1 Radio frequency laser

Radio frequency laser structure as shown in figure 3-29:

![Radio frequency laser structure](image)

Fig.3-11 Pulse fiber laser

3.3.2.2.2 Red light graticule

Whether the light path adjustment good can be judged through the photographic lenses visual method. Put the photographic lenses in the laser beam out position, according to the position of light spot, adjust the angle of incident laser light or red light incident angle, until traces on a light hole center.

By adjusting the laser installation height to adjust laser generator, adjust the four nuts of red light graticule base to adjust the red light of the incident angle.
3.3.2.3 Scan mirror / focus lens

To realize the X and Y direction movement through the galvanometer, through different level focusing lens to achieve a wide range of marking.

3.3.2.3 Mark Adjust

We have rallied mark effects are tested before leaving the factory machine. Under normal circumstances, you just need to connect power to machine which it will be working normally. Due to vibration in transit may be influence marking effect. In this case, it is needed to adjust machine and software parameters.

3.3.3 Test the process

Make one design for test:

- First, following the power on sequence for start the device.
- And then put the materials on the working table.
- Import or draw the design to our software.
- Set the processing parameters (layer parameter), and related technical data.
- Adjust the focus distance, and make the focus on the materials surface.
- Set the correct position by the RED light.
- Start work.

All the above steps is the standard, more details check the operation manual.
Chapter 4. System Maintenance

The stable and normal working of the machine depends on the correct operation and routine maintenance. This chapter describes the daily maintenance of the equipment.

4.1 Mechanical Maintenance

Mechanical maintenance mainly includes the rise-fall device and the plate form. The following items must be done:

- Must clean all the parts of the machine, after work.
- No regular inspection on equipment, mainly to check whether there is loose connection of phenomenon, if there is any exception handling in time, avoid the problem of expanding.

The following maintenance details all the mechanical parts.

4.2 Electrical Maintenance

The electrical maintenance mainly includes electrical components, buttons, marking control card, and sensors.

4.2.1 Emergency Stop button

Emergency Stop button is safety emergency components for laser marking machine, property related to personnel and equipment safety. Must be within the provisions of this operating manual maintenance interval according to the following steps to test its function

- Switch on laser marking machine, and process the work.
- Press on the Emergency stop button, if all the power for the machine is cut off which means the emergency stop button in function; if one machine with two or more than two emergency stop button, it is necessary to check it one by one.
- Reset Emergency button, the device will be restart.
- Emergency stop button is one optional device, having this device or not need check the configuration.

Maintenance of Optical Path and Optical Devices
- The beam path system includes beam combiner and the lens. After long time work or the mechanical shake, the beam path will be changed, so it is suggested that check the laser beam path first before start the work.
- Correctly, and regular maintenance of the optical system, which can effectively extend the service life of laser device and decrease the cost of the use of the lens.
In the process of replacement, the placement of optical lenses, testing, installation, it is necessary to pay attention to keep the lens from damage and contamination. After being used, the new lens should be regularly cleaned. The correct cleaning methods, will prolong the service life of the lens, and reduce the costs; On the contrary, will reduce the service life.

When laser working, inevitably optical element contact suspension. When the laser was cutting or engraving on the part of the cutting dust generating material cutting, carving, marking, material surface could release a large number of corrosive gas and dust, the gas and dust will cause harm to the lens. When pollutants fell on the surface of the lens, will absorb energy from the laser beam, lead to the thermal lens effect. If the lens have not form the thermal stress, the operator can be disassembled and cleaned., of course, shall be made in a certain way to avoid damage to the lens and further pollution.

General Operation Principles

In the installation and cleaning process of lens, any sticky material, even nail print or oil droplets, will increase the absorption rate of the lens and reduce service life.

Therefore, the following precautions are required:

- Do not use suction device or inflatable equipment to avoid scratching the lens surface;
- Hold the edge of the lens rather than the film when take lens;
- The lens should be stored in a dry and clean place for testing and cleaning. A good console should have several layers of cleaning tissue or lens tissue on the surface;
- The operator should avoid talking over the lens, and keep food, beverages and other potential contaminants away from the working environment.

The correct cleaning method

1. Against mild pollution (dust, fiber particles) for flexible clean

Before the following steps, use a balloon blowing off the dust on the lens surface; if it still cannot be removed, please go to step②.

| Note | Avoid using workshop air pipes, because they contain a lot of water and oil. These pollutants can be harmful in lens surface absorption layer. |

2. for mild pollution stains, fingerprints) for flexible clean

With acetone or isopropyl alcohol extract infiltrates an unused degreased cotton swabs about 30 seconds on the mirror surface cleaning, cleaning swab with slight pressure do from the center of the circle to the outside of the spiral movement. Swab control when dragging drag speed and strength, left behind a swab of liquid can evaporate immediately, so it cannot leave streaks. If the pollution still cannot be removed, please go to step③.

| Note | Must control the operating strength, force will damage the lens coating film |
③ for moderate pollution (saliva, oil) of the lens to the cleanliness of moderate intensity

USES distilled white vinegar soak a unused degreased cotton swabs, cotton swabs with slight pressure to do from the center of the circle to the outside of the spiral movement (see operating technique step (2), with an unused degreased cotton swabs to wipe the lens on the extra distilled white vinegar. With an infiltrating acetone degrease cotton swabs gently wipe the surface of the lens, remove all of the acetic acid, please go to step④

④ for severely contaminated (splash) lenses must try super clean

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alarm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Only the lens in use process by high levels of pollution, and perform steps 1, 2, 3, still failed to achieve acceptable cleaning effect, this method can be used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• If removed the coating film, the performance of the lens will be completely destroyed. If the color of the lens has obvious changes, the coating has been completely destroyed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A. After fully shaking the container which fills with polish, open the container, drop out 4 or 5 drops in cotton ball. Move the cotton ball as draw circle path; during process please do not press the cotton ball, continuously rotate the mirror, avoid the over polish, the time no over 30 seconds. During this process, once find the color changed which means the coating film damaged, please stop the operation immediately and change color,

B. After use polish, use an unused degreased cotton swabs infiltration with distilled water. And then clean the mirror surface. Thoroughly wet the lens surface, remove the polishing residue as much as possible; do not make the lens surface dry, because it will be hard to remove the polishing residue

C. Prompt use one unused degrease cotton swab soak with isopropyl alcohol, and then soft clean the mirror surface. Put the head of the cotton swab on the surface as much as possible to clean the polish residue.

D. Use one unused degrease cotton swab soak with acetone, clean the mirror surface for remove the residual acetone and polish residue.

Note

The last step must work at somewhere, which have good light and the black background, check the mirror surface carefully, if still have the polish residue, please repeat step ④B-④D

For the above procedures, please pay attention to the following precautions:

• Should always wear no powder finger or rubber-latex gloves, dirt and grease stain on the skin can lead to serious pollution optical element, make its performance fell sharply;
Prohibit to use any tools for the procedures, including the tweezers;

For the purpose to protect the lens should always be placed on the lens wiping paper (in the case of lenses removed clean up), it is forbidden to put the lenses on a hard or rough surface, it will make the lens scratches.

Focus lens (mirror) cleaning: the lens wiping paper folded several times, with a cleaning fluid (anhydrous ethanol) dip, dip in with the presence of water ethanol wipe mirror paper with spiral linear graze focus lens from inner to outer surface, repeated several times, until the mirror clean.
### Chapter 5. Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Failure</th>
<th>Reason</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Can’t turn on the equipment</td>
<td>The circuit breaker in the electrical control box isn’t turned on</td>
<td>Turn on the circuit breaker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Key switch is damaged</td>
<td>Replace the key switch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Intermediate relay is damaged</td>
<td>Replace the intermediate relay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>System short circuit</td>
<td>Check and repair the short circuit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Can’t turn on the laser / galvanometer</td>
<td>Control button is damaged</td>
<td>Replace the control button</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Control switching power supply is damaged</td>
<td>Replace the switching power supply of same model</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Intermediate relay is damaged</td>
<td>Replace the intermediate relay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Can’t find the control card</td>
<td>External switching power supply is damaged</td>
<td>Replace the switching power supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Control card power cord plug is loose</td>
<td>Reseat connector plug</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>USB cable isn’t plugged in properly</td>
<td>Reinsert the USB cable properly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Driver is uninstalled or not installed</td>
<td>Reinstall the driver</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Control card is damaged</td>
<td>Replace the control card</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Marking graph deformed</td>
<td>Correction parameter is incorrect</td>
<td>Modify the correction parameters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Scale is incorrect</td>
<td>Modify the scale parameter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Galvanometer signal cable isn’t plugged in properly</td>
<td>Check the signal cable interface and plug properly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>No laser ray</td>
<td>Laser control plug isn’t plugged in properly</td>
<td>Insert laser control plug properly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Laser switching power supply is damaged</td>
<td>Replace the switching power supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Laser heat dissipation poor</td>
<td>Check the operation of the cooling fan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Laser failure</td>
<td>Replace or repair the laser</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 6. Appendix

6.1 Electrical Control System Block Diagram of Main Power

AC220V0Hz/60Hz

Filter Z1

Switching power supply G1: 5V/3A

Control loop

USB marking control card

High power intermediate relay KA1

Red light power G2

Switching power supply G3: ±5V/5A

Two-axis scanning galvanometer

High power intermediate relay KA2

Switching power supply G3: +24V/10A

Fiber laser A2

Switching power supply G3: ±24V/10A
Post

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